

## QUESTIONS FOR THE TEACHERS

ONE HUNDRED OF THEM COMPILED BY SUPT. HOWELL.

They Are on Literary, Geographical and Historical Subjects Related to Great Britain—Teachers Can Answer Them to Themselves and Are Not to Receive Percentage Marks for Proficiency—Questions Are for the Purpose of "Brushing Them Up"—Sent to Grammar A Teachers.

Superintendent Howell has prepared one hundred questions for the teachers of Grammar A grade on literary, historical and geographical subjects pertaining to Great Britain. They have not been selected as catch questions; the teachers do not have to submit to an oral or written examination and answer them or lose their positions. Each teacher who gets them will begin with the first and answer one after the other to the end; and should there be any question passed over through forgetting the knowledge that would be useful now, then such teacher will most likely consult the necessary book to regain the lost information. They may be termed questions to "brush up on," and are as follows:

1. What country is next in importance, geographically considered, to our own country?
2. Where was John O'Grady's house?
3. The Caledonian canal is 69 miles long. What is its purpose?
4. What is a loch?
5. What city in Great Britain manufactures the most linen?
6. What is the largest city in the highlands?
7. What was decided on the battlefield of Culloden?
8. What and where are the Trossachs?
9. What is the support of Edinburgh?
10. Where is Holyrood palace?
11. Where did Robert Bruce gain a great victory over the English?
12. What loch in Scotland was immortalized by Sir Walter Scott?
13. Have you ever read "The Lady of the Lake"?
14. What famous writer lived on the banks of the Tweed river?
15. What place in the northern part of England is described in the last canto of Scott's "Marmion"?
16. What is the meaning of the expression "Carrying Coals to Newcastle"?
17. To what city in England would you go to buy knives and forks?
18. To what city would you go to buy hosiery?
19. Where did the author of the following lines live:  
"A man must serve his time to every trade  
Save censures—critics all are ready made."  
To that city in England would you go to buy guns and revolvers?
20. The city of Birmingham makes about 20,000,000 steel pens per week. If a pupil uses one steel pen a week, how long would that supply the schools of Scranton if we have 14,000 pupils in the schools?
21. Locate the home of the author of these lines:  
"If all the year were playing holidays,  
To sport would be as tedious as to work."  
To what town in England is noted for herring fishery?
22. What two rivers unite to form the Thames?
23. The population of the basin of the Thames is how many times the population in the basin of the Amazon?
24. Where is the Royal Observatory in England?
25. How many degrees are we west of it?
26. Where is Ferro's meridian and what does it do?
27. For what is Runnymede noted?
28. Where does the highest ecclesiastical officer in England reside?
29. How wide is the Strait of Dover?
30. Where did William, the Conqueror, win a great victory?
31. Name the fashionable summer resort and watering place of England?
32. Locate the home of the poet Tennyson.
33. What is the principal naval station of England?
34. For what is Bristol noted?
35. What was John Cabot's theory?
36. For what is Swansea noted?
37. What is the nearest British port to Dublin?
38. What city in the United States has the same population as Liverpool?
39. What town in Great Britain is known for the building of iron steamships?
40. Where do we get Paisley shawls?
41. What city in Great Britain has the greatest chemical works in the world?
42. One of the wonders of the world is on the island of Staffa. Name it.
43. What is the highest point of land on the British Isles?

44. What legend is connected with the Clontarf causeway?
45. How wide is the strait which separates Ireland and Scotland?
46. Which is the most prosperous town in Ireland?
47. With what city in Ireland is Cromwell's name connected?
48. What famous park is in Dublin?
49. Name the highest representative of the British government in Ireland.
50. What town is said to have the finest harbor in Europe?
51. Where are the lakes of Killarney and how many of them are there?
52. What is the name of the largest river in Ireland?
53. What evidence is there to show that the British Isles were once a part of the mainland?
54. What can you say about the height of Ben Nevis? Sea level? Mt. Snowden? Mynyddu?
55. What two of us at Conway speak the same language?
56. What do the people in the highlands do for a living?
57. Where are the Fells of Lonsome?
58. Where is the Isle of Man and for what is it noted?
59. What people in Great Britain speak the Manx language?
60. Name four great universities in Great Britain and Ireland.
61. What do the people in Ireland use for fuel?
62. Who were the "Lake Poets"?
63. What were their haunts?
64. Where is the summer home of the queen?
65. Who wrote the book entitled "A Walk from John O'Grady's to Land's End"?
66. When you read "We Are Seven" what place have you in mind?
67. Who were the Druids?
68. What evidence is there of the Roman invasion?
69. Where is the tin mine of England?
70. Name the author of these lines:  
"And two of us at Conway dwell,  
And two are gone to sea."  
In what direction is England from Scranton?
71. What ocean must be crossed to reach England? How wide is it?
72. How long does it take to go to London? How much does it cost?
73. Which is farther north, England or Pennsylvania? Which is larger?
74. Where is the Gulf stream? Give its rate, of what use is it?
75. With what does the United States provide England? With what does England provide us?
76. Where are the Wicklow Hills, Loch Lomond, Lake Windermere, Cambrian Hills, Cheviot Hills?
77. What men are associated with the following places: Emsayckburn, Bedford, Runnymede, Hastings?
78. What form of government has Great Britain? What is the sovereign called? By whom is the law made? What form of government has the United States? What is the ruler of this country called? What makes the laws for the nation? What body of men make laws for the state? Name your representative in congress. Name our representatives in the senate.
79. Why is Ireland called the "Emerald Isle"? What can you say about Belfast? Name two picturesque spots in Ireland? Name two of Walter Scott's works and tell where he lived?
80. Where are the following rivers: Clyde, Thames, Mersey, Liffey, Tweed.
81. Give the ancient names for Scotland, Ireland, England.
82. What part of England has the highest altitude? What do the courses of rivers signify?
83. How many inches per mile must a river fall in order to produce a mountain torrent?
84. If you found a round pebble on the river bank what story would it tell you?
85. Who is prime minister of England now?
86. Who was Hannah More?
87. Who was Roger Ascham?
88. Who was Dr. Thomas Arnold?
89. Route to Road—English, Phœnix and French Crocodiles, Max O'Reilly, Wm. Wales, George Barrow, One Hundred Years in Europe, Holmes, Little Monk, Nations Hall, Cairn, From the Lakes of Killarney to the Golden Horn, Field, 1,000 Miles in Rob Roy Canoe, John MacGregor.

Omaha Exposition.

Only \$28.75 from Buffalo to Omaha and return, via Nickel Plate road. Tickets sold round going Oct. 3 and 10, good returning within twenty-one days, and on Oct. 17 and 24 good to return until Nov. 3. For information, call on your ticket agent, or address F. J. Moore, general agent, Nickel Plate road, 221 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

The defense proposes to show that Kenny was arranging to move to New York and was in Curran's place by appointment to negotiate a sale of his mine's tools to William Sterrick. Healey came in and, interrupting their conversation, said to Sterrick: "Don't buy those tools. They're no good, and neither is Kenny." Later, he made a remark to the effect that the tools did not belong to Kenny, but to his wife.

The defense proposes to show that Kenny was arranging to move to New York and was in Curran's place by appointment to negotiate a sale of his mine's tools to William Sterrick. Healey came in and, interrupting their conversation, said to Sterrick: "Don't buy those tools. They're no good, and neither is Kenny." Later, he made a remark to the effect that the tools did not belong to Kenny, but to his wife.

The defense proposes to show that Kenny was arranging to move to New York and was in Curran's place by appointment to negotiate a sale of his mine's tools to William Sterrick. Healey came in and, interrupting their conversation, said to Sterrick: "Don't buy those tools. They're no good, and neither is Kenny." Later, he made a remark to the effect that the tools did not belong to Kenny, but to his wife.

The defense proposes to show that Kenny was arranging to move to New York and was in Curran's place by appointment to negotiate a sale of his mine's tools to William Sterrick. Healey came in and, interrupting their conversation, said to Sterrick: "Don't buy those tools. They're no good, and neither is Kenny." Later, he made a remark to the effect that the tools did not belong to Kenny, but to his wife.

The defense proposes to show that Kenny was arranging to move to New York and was in Curran's place by appointment to negotiate a sale of his mine's tools to William Sterrick. Healey came in and, interrupting their conversation, said to Sterrick: "Don't buy those tools. They're no good, and neither is Kenny." Later, he made a remark to the effect that the tools did not belong to Kenny, but to his wife.

## KENNY WAS GIVEN MUCH PROVOCATION

HEALEY TORMENTED HIM IN A MOST AGGRAVATING WAY.

Archbald Murder Trial Has Many Unusual Features, the Most Unusual Being the Commonwealth's Witnesses Are Making Out a Strong Defense for the Accused. The Prosecutor Alleges That Kenny Took Umbrage at Some Pleasantries and Threatened Healey.

The trial of Edward Kenny for the killing of Martin Healey in Archbald April 9, last, was put on in court room No. 3, before Judge John G. Love, of Center county, yesterday morning. A jury was selected before noon and by adjourning time over half of the Commonwealth's testimony was presented. The jurors selected were:

WILLIAM D. BRUTZMAN, fireman, Scranton.  
R. P. DUNN, carpenter, Scranton.  
JOHN MULLBURGER, brickman, Scranton.  
J. H. FINCH, farmer, Roaring Brook.  
E. W. PEARCE, carpenter, Scranton.  
GEORGE CORRELL, conductor, Scranton.  
THOMAS SMITH, farmer, North Abington.  
WILLIAM H. JONES, farmer, Yorkville.  
THOMAS J. THOMPSON, brickman, Elmhurst.  
JAMES W. GEORGE, foreman, Scranton.  
JACOB KISER, laborer, Jefferson.  
W. J. DANIELS, conductor, Scranton.

Only ten jurors had been chosen when the panel was exhausted and the last two were selected as talesmen from among the spectators. One man called as talesman, D. E. Davis, was objected to by the defendant's counsel on the ground that he was too often chosen as a juror, but Judge Love would not accept this as a sufficient warrant for setting him aside and he had to be disposed of by challenge.

SELECTING A JURY.

The choosing of a jury was conducted in the main court room, District Attorney Jones examining the jurors for the Commonwealth and Attorney John J. Murphy for the defense. In the afternoon the case was transferred to the Superior court room. Mr. Jones made the opening for the Commonwealth and then turned the prosecution over to Assistant District Attorney W. G. Thomas. Attorney John B. Jordan sat as private counsel for the prosecution. For the defense the attorneys are John J. Murphy, M. F. Conry and J. J. Manning.

The defendant is anything but a murderer in appearance. He is undersized in stature, has light hair and a small, light moustache, and from his countenance and general demeanor evidences a quiet, inoffensive disposition. He is thirty-four years of age, married, and a miner by occupation.

The crime with which he is charged has many unusual features. There is no question but that Healey abused him in a most aggravating manner and committed upon him at least three provoked and unprovoked assaults within a short period preceding the killing. His guilt hangs on the question as to whether or not the killing was the result of threats that he undeniably made during the first altercation.

No one saw the actual killing, and but for Kenny's admission, the Commonwealth would have to rely solely on circumstantial evidence to fasten the crime upon him.

In the opening for the Commonwealth, Mr. Jones said it would be shown that Kenny became aggrieved at some friendly bantering and sparring that occurred in Anthony Curran's saloon, and drawing out a penknife, threatened to cut Healey's head off. He met Healey a short time later and stabbed him. The same night he fled.

THEORY OF DEFENSE.

The defense proposes to show that Kenny was arranging to move to New York and was in Curran's place by appointment to negotiate a sale of his mine's tools to William Sterrick. Healey came in and, interrupting their conversation, said to Sterrick: "Don't buy those tools. They're no good, and neither is Kenny." Later, he made a remark to the effect that the tools did not belong to Kenny, but to his wife.

and followed this by an insulting allusion as to the manner in which they were earned.

Emboldened by Kenny's failure to resent the insults, Healey continued his tantalizing actions, pulling Kenny's hair twice and slapping him in the face while he was bent over a table, crying with mortification at the abuse which the larger and much more powerful tormentor was heaping upon him.

Healey also caught Kenny by the wrists and struck him in the face with his open hands. Later, when Healey with a raised chair and Kenny with his pocket-knife in his hand, faced each other in a threatening manner, the bystanders interfered and the proprietor ordered them both out.

Kenny retreated up the gravity track in the direction of his home and Healey pursued him, overtaking him and again assaulting him. This time he threw Kenny down and grasped him by the throat. Kenny drew his knife and jabbed it into the hand that clutched his throat. Healey let him get up and he went away. The next day he and his wife went to New York, as they had previously arranged. He did not know that he had wounded Healey until he saw the doctor's fee receipt when he was in New York. He immediately returned and surrendered himself to "Squire Gildred." It is also alleged by the defense that no one should be prosecuted for the killing as he himself was to blame. Another collateral contention is that the wounds were not necessarily fatal and had they been attended to properly death would not have resulted.

MEDICAL TESTIMONY.

Dr. J. J. Kelly, the first witness called, and the physician who attended Healey, admitted in a measure this last-mentioned contention by saying that it was some days after he began treating Healey that he discovered an intestine had been punctured.

Anthony Barrett, the second witness, was present at Curran's house when the trouble broke out. He said Healey pulled Kenny's hair and when Kenny said "What are you doing that for?" Healey pulled it again. Healey next caught Kenny by the wrists and while Kenny was struggling to break away Healey used him roughly and finally struck him twice in the face. Kenny sat down at a table and burying his face in his hands started to cry.

A moment later Kenny jumped up with a pen knife in his hand and said with an oath "I can't stand this any longer." Before he could make a move Healey lifted a chair from the floor and raised it above his head. The chair struck and broke the incandescent light globe and cast the room in darkness.

Curran, the proprietor of the place, now intervened and taking Kenny by the arm put him out. He also said to Healey that he could go to, that there was no going to be any further allowed around there. Healey left by the side door half a minute after Kenny. Healey had been in the saloon for some time and had been drinking. The witness did not leave until late in the evening.

Mr. Murphy tried to bring out on cross-examination that Kenny was engaged in making a sale of mining tools to a man named Sterrick when Healey interfered and made an insulting remark to Kenny, but the witness denied having seen Sterrick there.

A POWERFUL MAN.

Healey was a large powerful man, the witness said, weighing about one hundred and eighty pounds, which would be about sixty pounds more than Kenny.

Dr. S. P. Longstreet, coroner, described the wounds discovered at the autopsy on April 16. There was a slight wound high on the right breast and another in the abdomen which penetrated a small intestine and allowed the contents of the stomach to enter which lodged in the abdominal cavity, decomposed and caused general peritonitis and was the primal cause of death.

On cross-examination by Mr. Conry Dr. Longstreet admitted that had the wound been treated with proper treatment, that is, had the abdominal cavity been opened and the foetal matter and coagulated blood washed out, Healey's life in all probability would have been saved. In other words, the wound was not necessarily fatal.

Patrick Judge, the bartender, an eye witness of the affair in the saloon, told that Kenny wanted to box with somebody and Healey began to spar him. During the boxing Kenny knocked off Healey's hat and Healey knocked Kenny to the floor. Neither was angry, the witness said.

This was about 6 o'clock in the evening. Both men left shortly afterward. Kenny returned about 7:30 o'clock and Healey half an hour later. The witness did not see any of the occurrences described by the witness Barrett, having been in a side room off the bar-room, while the occurrences in question took place in the back room. He did, however, see Healey take his coat off at one juncture and ask Kenny to wrestle him.

He admitted that Kenny showed him a knife but would not explain what occasioned the exhibition of the knife, saying simply that Kenny just showed it to him and that he was trying to convince Kenny to make him a present of it.

AN EYE WITNESS.

William Mahon, the other eye witness of the trouble, at Curran's place, stated that he was sitting in the back room reading a newspaper about 8 o'clock when Kenny came in and started to make a speech. Barrett suggested that he mount the table to finish his speech and Kenny adopted the suggestion. While he was on the table Healey came in the side door and going up behind Kenny pulled his hair.

Later he laughingly slapped Kenny in the face. This was while Kenny was bent over the table crying. Kenny suddenly raised up from the table, exhibited a knife in his left hand, opened the door with his teeth and then jabbing the point forcibly into the table said if it wasn't that he thought something of Healey he could cut his bloody heart out without his knowing anything about it. Healey raised the chair at this juncture and then Barrett and Curran interfered. Healey went out five minutes after Kenny.

The witness, on cross-examination, admitted having seen William Sterrick in the rear room before the trouble began.

The next witness, Anthony Curran, proprietor of the place, testified that

and followed this by an insulting allusion as to the manner in which they were earned.

Emboldened by Kenny's failure to resent the insults, Healey continued his tantalizing actions, pulling Kenny's hair twice and slapping him in the face while he was bent over a table, crying with mortification at the abuse which the larger and much more powerful tormentor was heaping upon him.

Healey also caught Kenny by the wrists and struck him in the face with his open hands. Later, when Healey with a raised chair and Kenny with his pocket-knife in his hand, faced each other in a threatening manner, the bystanders interfered and the proprietor ordered them both out.

Kenny retreated up the gravity track in the direction of his home and Healey pursued him, overtaking him and again assaulting him. This time he threw Kenny down and grasped him by the throat. Kenny drew his knife and jabbed it into the hand that clutched his throat. Healey let him get up and he went away. The next day he and his wife went to New York, as they had previously arranged. He did not know that he had wounded Healey until he saw the doctor's fee receipt when he was in New York. He immediately returned and surrendered himself to "Squire Gildred." It is also alleged by the defense that no one should be prosecuted for the killing as he himself was to blame. Another collateral contention is that the wounds were not necessarily fatal and had they been attended to properly death would not have resulted.

MEDICAL TESTIMONY.

Dr. J. J. Kelly, the first witness called, and the physician who attended Healey, admitted in a measure this last-mentioned contention by saying that it was some days after he began treating Healey that he discovered an intestine had been punctured.

Anthony Barrett, the second witness, was present at Curran's house when the trouble broke out. He said Healey pulled Kenny's hair and when Kenny said "What are you doing that for?" Healey pulled it again. Healey next caught Kenny by the wrists and while Kenny was struggling to break away Healey used him roughly and finally struck him twice in the face. Kenny sat down at a table and burying his face in his hands started to cry.

A moment later Kenny jumped up with a pen knife in his hand and said with an oath "I can't stand this any longer." Before he could make a move Healey lifted a chair from the floor and raised it above his head. The chair struck and broke the incandescent light globe and cast the room in darkness.

Curran, the proprietor of the place, now intervened and taking Kenny by the arm put him out. He also said to Healey that he could go to, that there was no going to be any further allowed around there. Healey left by the side door half a minute after Kenny. Healey had been in the saloon for some time and had been drinking. The witness did not leave until late in the evening.

Mr. Murphy tried to bring out on cross-examination that Kenny was engaged in making a sale of mining tools to a man named Sterrick when Healey interfered and made an insulting remark to Kenny, but the witness denied having seen Sterrick there.

A POWERFUL MAN.

Healey was a large powerful man, the witness said, weighing about one hundred and eighty pounds, which would be about sixty pounds more than Kenny.

Dr. S. P. Longstreet, coroner, described the wounds discovered at the autopsy on April 16. There was a slight wound high on the right breast and another in the abdomen which penetrated a small intestine and allowed the contents of the stomach to enter which lodged in the abdominal cavity, decomposed and caused general peritonitis and was the primal cause of death.

On cross-examination by Mr. Conry Dr. Longstreet admitted that had the wound been treated with proper treatment, that is, had the abdominal cavity been opened and the foetal matter and coagulated blood washed out, Healey's life in all probability would have been saved. In other words, the wound was not necessarily fatal.

Patrick Judge, the bartender, an eye witness of the affair in the saloon, told that Kenny wanted to box with somebody and Healey began to spar him. During the boxing Kenny knocked off Healey's hat and Healey knocked Kenny to the floor. Neither was angry, the witness said.

This was about 6 o'clock in the evening. Both men left shortly afterward. Kenny returned about 7:30 o'clock and Healey half an hour later. The witness did not see any of the occurrences described by the witness Barrett, having been in a side room off the bar-room, while the occurrences in question took place in the back room. He did, however, see Healey take his coat off at one juncture and ask Kenny to wrestle him.

He admitted that Kenny showed him a knife but would not explain what occasioned the exhibition of the knife, saying simply that Kenny just showed it to him and that he was trying to convince Kenny to make him a present of it.

AN EYE WITNESS.

William Mahon, the other eye witness of the trouble, at Curran's place, stated that he was sitting in the back room reading a newspaper about 8 o'clock when Kenny came in and started to make a speech. Barrett suggested that he mount the table to finish his speech and Kenny adopted the suggestion. While he was on the table Healey came in the side door and going up behind Kenny pulled his hair.

Later he laughingly slapped Kenny in the face. This was while Kenny was bent over the table crying. Kenny suddenly raised up from the table, exhibited a knife in his left hand, opened the door with his teeth and then jabbing the point forcibly into the table said if it wasn't that he thought something of Healey he could cut his bloody heart out without his knowing anything about it. Healey raised the chair at this juncture and then Barrett and Curran interfered. Healey went out five minutes after Kenny.

The witness, on cross-examination, admitted having seen William Sterrick in the rear room before the trouble began.

# Woman and Home.

Mrs. Pinkham Tells About the Relation of Woman's Ills to Home Happiness.

Good dispositions succumb. Irritability and snappy retort take the place of happiness and amiability. Sunshine is driven out of the home, friends are estranged and lives wrecked by woman's great enemy, womb trouble.

The use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will banish pain and restore happiness. Don't resort to strong stimulants or narcotic medicines when this great strengthening, healing remedy for women is always within reach.

Read the symptoms, suffering and cure recited in the two letters here printed by special request:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and think it is the best medicine for women in the world. I was so weak and nervous that I thought I could not live from one day to the next. I had falling of the womb and leucorrhœa, and thought I was going into consumption. I had dragging pains in my back, burning sensation down to my feet, and so many miserable feelings. People said that I looked like a dead woman. Doctors tried to cure me but failed. I had given up when I heard of your medicine. I got a bottle. I did not have much faith in it but thought I would try it, and it made a new woman of me. I wish I could get every lady in the land to try it, for it did for me what doctors could not do.—  
MRS. SALLIE CHASE, Baker's Landing, Pa.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for several years with falling of the womb. Before writing to you I was treated by some of the best doctors in the city, but they failed to cure me. After taking six bottles of your Vegetable Compound I am a well woman. The pain in my back left me after taking the second bottle. Your medicine has done for me what the doctors could not do, and I wish all who are troubled with any female weakness might know its worth.—  
SARAH HOLSTEIN, 55 Ferry St., Lowell, Mass.

Don't neglect mysterious pains and warning sensations. They indicate serious trouble and need explaining. Write all about them to a woman who understands these matters, Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass. She will advise you without charge, and your letter will be seen and answered by women only.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound  
A Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

## MINOR CRIMINAL CASES.

Trials Conducted Before Judges Gunster and McClure.

Judges Gunster and McClure, sitting in court rooms Nos. 1 and 2 respectively, are engaged in disposing of the minor cases that are marked on the week's list. District Attorney Jones is representing the Commonwealth in the main court room and John M. Harris in court room No. 2.

Roy Smith, the boy charged with assault and battery on O. E. Gunther, of Fleurette, was returned as guilty and the costs were placed on the prosecutor.

Ida Swartz, who was accused by Maggie Dimer with selling liquor without a license and keeping a house of ill repute, was acquitted of the first charge and returned guilty of the second.

Martin McAndrew, Ellen McAndrew and Mammie McAndrew were acquitted of the charge of assault and battery preferred by Lottie Smith, against whom McAndrew unsuccessfully prosecuted a similar offense last week.

Verdicts of "not guilty, costs divided" were returned in the assault and battery cases of August Swanson against Charles Zalkinsky and John Ushack against Andrew Shelly.

The case of Thomas C. Williams, charged by Chief McAndrew, of Carbondale, with keeping a disorderly house and the case of William Burke, accused of larceny of a milk can belonging to Spencer Martin, were on trial at adjournment.

Lawrence Gillen, accused of larceny and receiving by Detective Moran, of Carbondale, and Samuel Smith charged by Chief Gurrell with assault and battery, failed to respond when called for trial and suffered a forfeiture of their bail.

WANTS TO MEET TIGHE.

Jack Williams, of New Orleans, is in the City.

Jack Williams, of New Orleans, the reputed champion lightweight of the South, is in the city and anxious to meet Jack Tighe any weight from 139 to 140 pounds any style of fighting.

Jack Skelly is ready to put up a purse for the men and if the fight takes place outside the city Williams is willing to make a side bet of \$250. He will not make a side bet for a fight in the city unless a referee of recognized ability and fairness is obtained.

## New York Announcement.

"Our American Homes and How to Furnish Them."

Horner's Furniture  
The Best in the Market.

All who desire to buy reliable Furniture, whether in medium or finest grades, will find our stock the most advantageous to select from for these reasons: It represents the productions of the best makers only, and is the largest and most varied in America, while our prices are the lowest at which goods of similar quality can possibly be sold for.

The completeness of our assortment can best be understood from the fact that we exhibit more than 100 different styles of furniture in every variety of wood, over 50 styles of Brass Bedsteads, as well as end-lens lines of Folding, Drawing Room, Library and Dining Room Furniture of the most artistic style, and ranging from the modest and inexpensive to the most elaborately carved and inlaid.

Entirely devoted to Venetian Carved Furniture and other Foreign Productions from Paris, London and Vienna.

Send for our Illustrated Book. Replete with all who complete furnishing in whole or in part.

R. J. Horner & Co.,  
Furniture Makers and Importers,  
61-65 W. 23rd St., New York

McMUNN'S  
ELIXIR OF OPIUM

As a preparation of the drug by which its insidious effects are removed, while the valuable medicinal properties are retained. It possesses all the sedative, anodyne and anti-spasmodic powers of Opium, but produces no sickness of the stomach, no vomiting, no constiveness, no headache, in acute nervous disorders it is an invaluable remedy, and is recommended by the best physicians.

FERRETT, Agent,  
222 Pearl St., New York.

MADE ME A MAN  
AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE  
ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS—Falling Menstruation, Nervous Prostration, Indigestion, Loss of Sleep, Headache, and all other Nervous Disorders. It is a powerful tonic and restorative, and restores the system to its normal condition. It is a powerful tonic and restorative, and restores the system to its normal condition. It is a powerful tonic and restorative, and restores the system to its normal condition.

For sale in Scranton, Pa., by Matthews Bros. and H. C. Sanderson, druggists.

## THE LEADER

Scranton Store,  
124 and 126 Wyoming Avenue.

## Ladies' eiderdown dressing sacques

A special table loaded with extremely handsome effects in Ladies' Dressing Sacques, comprising all the newest colorings, and at a wide range of prices.

Some at 60c, with crochet edge and silk ribbon.  
Some at 98c, newest colorings, crochet edge, silk ribbon.  
Some at \$1.08, extremely novel, satin bound, silk tie ribbon.  
Some at \$2.49, double-breasted, large pearl buttons, bound with satin and made of the very best quality of Eiderdown.

## Trimmed millinery, superior styles

There is much in this grand department to interest you—you know from past experience in this store that the values are good, no matter which department you may choose. Here is an exception, however. There is really MORE here for you than you ever expected to see. Take for instance our line of Trimmed Hats—they are marvelous values. All of them worth more than their mark. Prices range \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98, \$8.98, \$10.98, \$14.98 up to \$22.98, and a very special assortment at

\$3.40, \$4.98 and \$4.50.

Lebeck & Corin

Dr. Bull's  
Cough Syrup  
Cures constant coughing, a simple cough, a bad cough, but a chronic cough is dangerous. Sale advised.

STRONG AGAIN!  
Sexine Pills  
vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Urinary patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed secret, Price: 50c per box, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send for free book.

For Sale by JOHN H. PHELPS, Pharmacist, cor. Wyoming avenue and Spruce street.